By: Representative Perry To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 780

1 2 3	AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 93-5-23 AND 93-11-65, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THAT CHILD SUPPORT MAY BE ORDERED RETROACTIVELY AND TO ENACT LIMITATIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
5	SECTION 1. Section 93-5-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
6	amended as follows:
7	93-5-23. (1) (a) When a divorce shall be decreed from the
8	bonds of matrimony, the court may, in its discretion, having
9	regard to the circumstances of the parties and the nature of the
LO	case, as may seem equitable and just, make all orders touching the
L1	care, custody and maintenance of the children of the marriage, and
L2	also touching the maintenance and alimony of the wife or the
L3	husband, or any allowance to be made to her or him, and shall, if
L4	need be, require bond, sureties or other guarantee for the payment
L5	of the sum so allowed. Orders touching on the custody of the
L6	children of the marriage may be made in accordance with the
L7	provisions of Section 93-5-24. The court may afterwards, on
L8	petition, change the decree, and make from time to time such new
L9	decrees as the case may require. However, where proof shows that
20	both parents have separate incomes or estates, the court may
21	require that each parent contribute to the support and maintenance
22	of the children of the marriage in proportion to the relative
23	financial ability of each. In the event a legally responsible
24	parent has health insurance available to him or her through an
25	employer or organization that may extend benefits to the
26	dependents of such parent, any order of support issued against

27 such parent may require him or her to exercise the option of

28 additional coverage in favor of such children as he or she is

- 29 legally responsible to support.
- 30 (b) An order of child support shall specify the sum to
- 31 <u>be paid weekly or otherwise</u>. In addition to providing for support
- 32 and education, the order shall also provide for the support of the
- 33 child prior to the making of the order for child support, and such
- 34 <u>other expenses as the court may deem proper.</u>
- 35 (c) The court may require the payment to be made to the
- 36 <u>custodial parent, or to some person or corporation to be</u>
- 37 <u>designated</u> by the court as trustee, but if the child is or is
- 38 <u>likely to become a public charge on a county or the state, the</u>
- 39 public welfare agent of that county shall be made the trustee.
- 40 The payment shall be directed to be made to a trustee if the
- 41 mother does not reside within the jurisdiction of the court. The
- 42 <u>trustee shall report to the court annually, or as often as</u>
- 43 <u>directed by the court, the amounts received and paid over.</u>
- 44 <u>(d) The noncustodial parent's liabilities for past</u>
- 45 <u>education and necessary support and maintenance and other expenses</u>
- 46 <u>are limited to a period of one (1) year next preceding the</u>
- 47 <u>commencement of an action.</u>
- 48 (2) Whenever the court has ordered a party to make periodic
- 49 payments for the maintenance or support of a child, but no bond,
- 50 sureties or other guarantee has been required to secure such
- 51 payments, and whenever such payments as have become due remain
- 52 unpaid for a period of at least thirty (30) days, the court may,
- 53 upon petition of the person to whom such payments are owing, or
- 54 such person's legal representative, enter an order requiring that
- 55 bond, sureties or other security be given by the person obligated
- 56 to make such payments, the amount and sufficiency of which shall
- 57 be approved by the court. The obligor shall, as in other civil
- 58 actions, be served with process and shall be entitled to a hearing
- 59 in such case.
- 60 (3) Whenever in any proceeding in the chancery court
- 61 concerning the custody of a child a party alleges that the child
- 62 whose custody is at issue has been the victim of sexual or
- 63 physical abuse by the other party, the court may, on its own

64 motion, grant a continuance in the custody proceeding only until

65 such allegation has been investigated by the Department of Human

66 Services. At the time of ordering such continuance the court may

67 direct the party, and his attorney, making such allegation of

68 child abuse to report in writing and provide all evidence touching

on the allegation of abuse to the Department of Human Services.

70 The Department of Human Services shall investigate such allegation

71 and take such action as it deems appropriate and as provided in

72 such cases under the Youth Court Law (being Chapter 21 of Title

73 43, Mississippi Code of 1972) or under the laws establishing

74 family courts (being Chapter 23 of Title 43, Mississippi Code of

75 1972).

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76 If after investigation by the Department of Human Services or

final disposition by the youth court or family court allegations

of child abuse are found to be without foundation, the chancery

court shall order the alleging party to pay all court costs and

reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the defending party in

81 responding to such allegation.

The court may investigate, hear and make a determination in a

custody action when a charge of abuse and/or neglect arises in the

course of a custody action as provided in Section 43-21-151, and

85 in such cases the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the

86 child as provided under Section 43-21-121, who shall be an

87 attorney. Unless the chancery court's jurisdiction has been

88 terminated, all disposition orders in such cases for placement

89 with the Department of Human Services shall be reviewed by the

90 court or designated authority at least annually to determine if

91 continued placement with the department is in the best interest of

92 the child or public.

93 (4) The duty of support of a child terminates upon the

94 emancipation of the child. The court may determine that

95 emancipation has occurred and no other support obligation exists

96 when the child:

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               (a)
                    Attains the age of twenty-one (21) years, or
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               (b)
                    Marries, or
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                    Discontinues full-time enrollment in school and
     obtains full-time employment prior to attaining the age of
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     twenty-one (21) years, or
                   Voluntarily moves from the home of the custodial
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               (d)
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     parent or guardian and establishes independent living arrangements
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     and obtains full-time employment prior to attaining the age of
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     twenty-one (21) years.
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          SECTION 2. Section 93-11-65, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
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     amended as follows:
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          93-11-65. (1) (a) In addition to the right to proceed
     under Section 93-5-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, and in addition
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     to the remedy of habeas corpus in proper cases, and other existing
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     remedies, the chancery court of the proper county shall have
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     jurisdiction to entertain suits for the custody, care, support and
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     maintenance of minor children and to hear and determine all such
     matters, and shall, if need be, require bond, sureties or other
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     guarantee to secure any order for periodic payments for the
     maintenance or support of a child. In the event a legally
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     responsible parent has health insurance available to him or her
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     through an employer or organization that may extend benefits to
     the dependents of such parent, any order of support issued against
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     such parent may require him or her to exercise the option of
     additional coverage in favor of such children as he or she is
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     legally responsible to support. Proceedings may be brought by or
     against a resident or nonresident of the State of Mississippi,
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     whether or not having the actual custody of minor children, for
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     the purpose of judicially determining the legal custody of a
             All actions herein authorized may be brought in the county
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     where the child is actually residing, or in the county of the
     residence of the party who has actual custody, or of the residence
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of the defendant. Process shall be had upon the parties as

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130 provided by law for process in person or by publication, if they 131 be nonresidents of the state or residents of another jurisdiction 132 or are not found therein after diligent search and inquiry or are unknown after diligent search and inquiry; provided that the court 133 134 or chancellor in vacation may fix a date in termtime or in vacation to which process may be returnable and shall have power 135 to proceed in termtime or vacation. Provided, however, that if 136 the court shall find that both parties are fit and proper persons 137 to have custody of the children, and that either party is able to 138 139 adequately provide for the care and maintenance of the children, and that it would be to the best interest and welfare of the 140 141 children, then any such child who shall have reached his twelfth 142 birthday shall have the privilege of choosing the parent with whom he shall live. 143 Provided further, that where the proof shows that both 144 145 parents have separate incomes or estates, the court may require 146 that each parent contribute to the support and maintenance of the children in proportion to the relative financial ability of each. 147 148 (b) An order of child support shall specify the sum to 149 be paid weekly or otherwise. In addition to providing for support 150 and education, the order shall also provide for the support of the 151 child prior to the making of the order for child support, and such 152 other expenses as the court may deem proper. 153 (c) The court may require the payment to be made to the 154 custodial parent, or to some person or corporation to be 155 designated by the court as trustee, but if the child is or is 156 likely to become a public charge on a county or the state, the public welfare agent of that county shall be made the trustee. 157 The payment shall be directed to be made to a trustee if the 158 mother does not reside within the jurisdiction of the court. The 159 160 trustee shall report to the court annually, or as often as directed by the court, the amounts received and paid over. 161 162 (d) The noncustodial parent's liabilities for past

education and necessary support and maintenance and other expenses

are limited to a period of one (1) year next preceding the

165 <u>commencement of an action.</u>

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(2) Whenever the court has ordered a party to make periodic payments for the maintenance or support of a child, but no bond, sureties or other guarantee has been required to secure such payments, and whenever such payments as have become due remain unpaid for a period of at least thirty (30) days, the court may, upon petition of the person to whom such payments are owing, or such person's legal representative, enter an order requiring that bond, sureties or other security be given by the person obligated to make such payments, the amount and sufficiency of which shall be approved by the court. The obligor shall, as in other civil actions, be served with process and shall be entitled to a hearing in such case.

(3) When a charge of abuse or neglect of a child first arises in the course of a custody or maintenance action pending in the chancery court pursuant to this section, the chancery court may proceed with the investigation, hearing and determination of such abuse or neglect charge as a part of its hearing and determination of the custody or maintenance issue as between the parents, as provided in Section 43-21-151, notwithstanding the other provisions of the Youth Court Law. The proceedings in chancery court on the abuse or neglect charge shall be confidential in the same manner as provided in youth court proceedings, and the chancery court shall appoint a guardian ad litem in such cases, as provided under Section 43-21-121 for youth court proceedings, who shall be an attorney. Unless the chancery court's jurisdiction has been terminated, all disposition orders in such cases for placement with the Department of Human Services shall be reviewed by the court or designated authority at least annually to determine if continued placement with the department

is in the best interest of the child or the public.

196	$\underline{(4)}$ The duty of support of a child terminates upon the
197	emancipation of the child. The court may determine that
198	emancipation has occurred and no other support obligation exists

- 199 when the child:
- 200 (a) Attains the age of twenty-one (21) years, or
- 201 (b) Marries, or
- 202 (c) Discontinues full-time enrollment in school and
- 203 obtains full-time employment prior to attaining the age of
- 204 twenty-one (21) years, or
- 205 (d) Voluntarily moves from the home of the custodial
- 206 parent or guardian and establishes independent living arrangements
- 207 and obtains full-time employment prior to attaining the age of
- 208 twenty-one (21) years.
- 209 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 210 and after July 1, 1999.